The Role of Certificates and Certifications in Attainment



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Overview

- Growth and importance of certificates
- Equity implications
- Non-degree credential definitions & estimates
- Measuring credential stock and flow
- What we know so far on certifications



Certificates in historical perspective

- 2001 National Household Education Surveys
- **2008** Lumina Foundation Goal 2025
- 2009 Goal 2020 & Brookings event on sub-BA
- 2010 Gainful Employment regulations
- **2012** Survey of Income & Program Participation

2008-12: Going from "didn't know what we didn't know" to "figuring out what we don't know" – Jeff Strohl



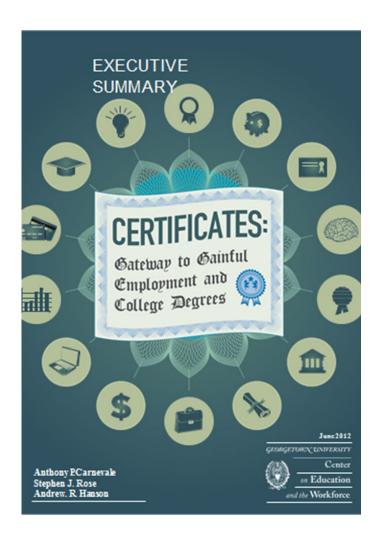
Certificates in historical perspective

- 2012 CEW Certificates report
- 2012-present GEMEnA
- 2016CEW certificate estimates in Stronger Nation
- 2016 Adult Training and Education Survey

2011-present: State postsecondary attainment goal-setting that includes certificates



What's a certificate?

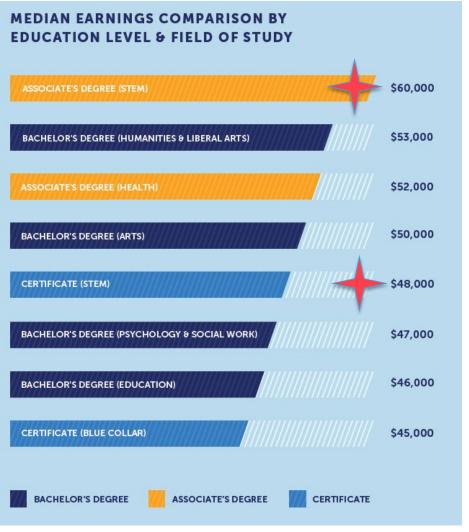


A certificate is a credential awarded by an educational institution based on completion of all requirements for a program of study.

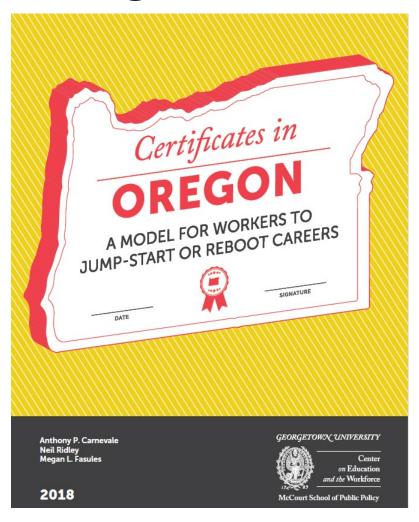
Certificates are awarded mainly by public, two-year schools or private, for-profit, non-degree granting business, technical, and trade schools.

Less education can be worth more.





Young and older certificate holders

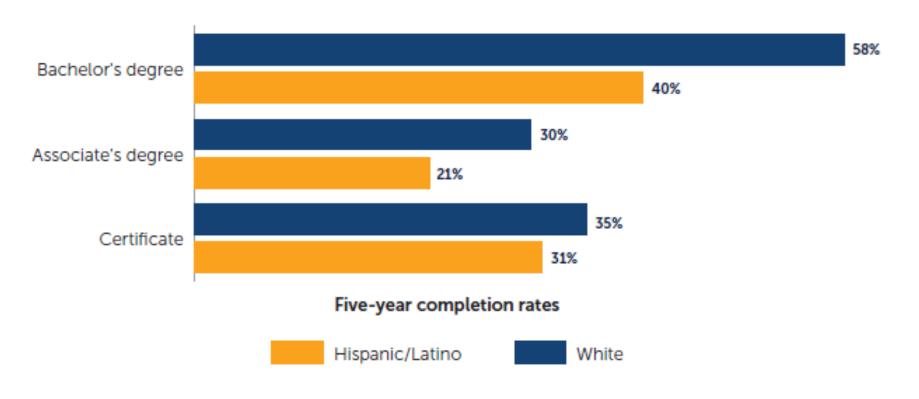


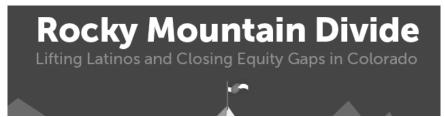
Young certificate holders

benefit from strong earnings growth as they build their skills, gain work experience, and become established in the workforce.

Older certificate holders sustain a steep earnings decline followed by a rebound in pay.

White and Latino certificate holders







Equity implications of certificates

State leaders need to ask:

- Who's getting them (age, gender, race, SES)?
- Where are they working?
- What do they earn?
- How can we make it easier for them to come back for more?



MEASURING & ESTIMATING CERTIFICATES

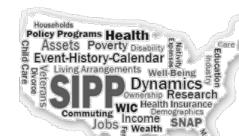
Defining our terms: stock, flow and value of certificates





How did CEW count certificates?

Number of certificate holders (SIPP)



2 How many earn 20 percent or more above high school median earnings (by gender)?



Percent of certificates with earnings premium by~20 aggregated fields of study



4 SIPP total allocated to states using share of IPEDS certificate production by field of study

How did CEW check the results?

	SCND with 20% earnings premium (CPS)	Share with a certificate having a 20% earnings premium (CEW)	certificate estimate w/in share of SCND with an earnings premium?
Colorado	8%	6%	yes
Indiana	9%	5%	yes
Mississippi	8%	5%	yes
Virginia	7%	4%	yes

How can states go further with this analysis?

Look at production over time

Consider various thresholds for labor market value (10% earnings premium for some certificates) & consider how certificates can lead to further education & training



Keep in mind

Our baseline estimates measure the <u>stock</u> of certificates. Tracking progress is mostly about measuring <u>flow</u>.



States are measuring <u>prevalence</u>, <u>annual production</u>, and <u>labor market value</u> of non-degree credentials

Certificate estimating is evolving



Investigate what CEW and other states have done



Tap into your state administrative data



Conduct qualitative research on how certificates are connected to jobs

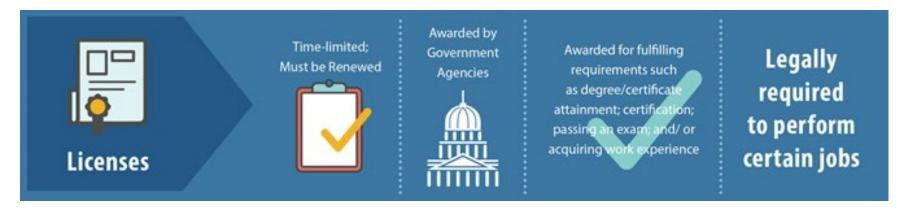


Keep an eye out for upcoming national survey data

WHAT WE KNOW SO FAR ABOUT ALTERNATIVE CREDENTIALS

Certifications and licenses





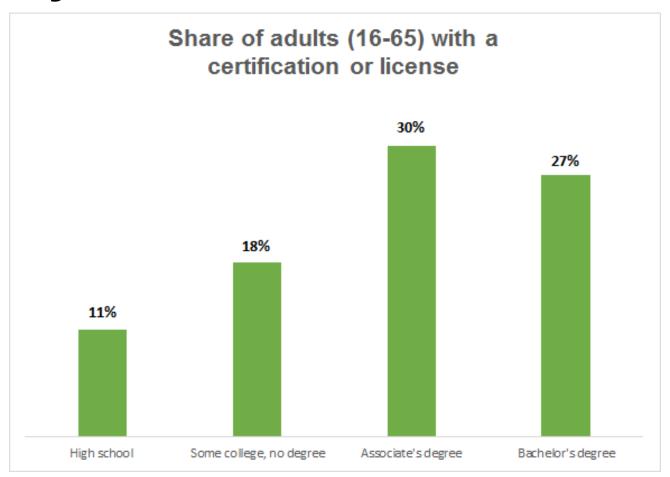
Licenses are more widely held than certifications

6% of U.S. adults have an industry or occupational certification

18%
nearly one out of five adults holds a license

Source: Adult Training and Education Survey, First Look, 16-65 year olds, 2016.

Having an alternative credential is closely related to education level



Source: Adult Training and Education Survey, First Look, 2016.



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